



# CERTIFICATE

### about Product Conformity (QAL1)

Number of Certificate: 0000027277\_01

Certified AMS:	APDA-371 with PM <sub>2.5</sub> -pre-separator			
Manufacturer:	Horiba Europe GmbH Hans-Mess-Str. 6 61440 Oberursel /Ts. Germany			
Test Institute:	TÜV Rheinland Energie und Umwelt GmbH			
	This is certifying that the AMS has been tested and found to comply with:			

#### VDI 4202-1: 2002, VDI 4203-3: 2004, EN 14907: 2005, Guide to the Demonstration of Equivalence of Ambient Air Monitoring Methods: 2010, EN 15267-1: 2009, EN 15267-2: 2009

Certification is awarded in respect of the conditions stated in this certificate (see also the following pages). The present certificate replaces the Certificate No. 0000027277 of 02 August 2010



- Certified equivalent EN method
- Complying with 2008/50/EC
- TUV approved
- Annual inspection

Publication in the German Federal Gazette (BAnz.) of 20 July 2012

Umweltbundesamt Dessau, 20 August 2012

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TÜV Rheinland Energie und Umwelt GmbH Köln, 17 August 2012

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Accreditation according to EN ISO/IEC 17025 and certified according to ISO 9001:2008.

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Test report: First certification: Validity ends:

**Publication:** 

936/21209919/A of 26 March 2010 02 August 2010 01 August 2015 BAnz. 28 July 2010, No. 111, p. 2597,chapter II, No. 1.1, 7<sup>th</sup> remark

#### **Approved application**

The AMS is approved for permanent monitoring of suspended particulate matter PM<sub>2.5</sub> in ambient air (stationary operation). The suitability of the product for this application was assessed on the basis of a laboratory test and a field test at four different test sites respectively time periods.

The AMS is approved for the temperature range from +5 °C to +40 °C.

Any potential user should ensure, in consultation with the manufacturer that this AMS is suitable for the ambient air application on which it will be installed.

#### Basis of the certification

This certification is based on:

- the test report 936/21209919/A dated 26 March 2010 of TÜV Rheinland Immissionsschutz und Energiesysteme GmbH
- the declaration of suitability by the German Umweltbundesamt as relevant body
- the ongoing surveillance of the product and the manufacturing process
- publication in the German Federal Gazette: BAnz. 28 July 2010, No. 111, p. 2597, chapter II, No. 1.1, 7<sup>th</sup> remark: The APDA-371 measuring system with PM<sub>2,5</sub> pre-separator by the company Horiba Europe GmbH is identical in design to the BAM-1020 measuring system also equipped with PM<sub>2,5</sub> pre-separator by Met One Instruments Inc.
- publication in the German Federal Gazette: BAnz AT 20 July 2012 B11, chapter IV, 2. Notification

## Umwelt Bundes Amt (i)

Certificate: 0000027277\_01 / 20 August 2012



#### AMS name:

BAM-1020 with PM<sub>2.5</sub> pre-separator

#### Manufacturer:

Met One Instruments, Inc., Grants Pass, USA

#### Approval:

For permanent monitoring of suspended particulate matter PM<sub>2.5</sub> in ambient air (stationary operation).

#### Measuring ranges during the suitability test:

Component	Certification range	Supplementary range	Unit
PM <sub>2.5</sub>	0 – 1,000		µg/m³

#### Software version:

Version 3236-07 5.0.10

#### **Restriction:**

None

#### Remarks:

- 1. The requirements according to guide "Demonstration of Equivalence of Ambient Air Monitoring Methods" are fulfilled for the measured component PM<sub>2.5</sub>.
- For the recordation of PM<sub>2.5</sub>, the system has to be equipped with the following options: Sample heater (BX-830), PM<sub>10</sub>-sampling inlet (BX-802), PM<sub>2.5</sub> Sharp Cut Cyclone SCC (BX-807), combined pressure and temperature sensor (BX-596) respectively as an alternative ambient temperature sensor (BX-592).
- 3. The cycle time during the suitability test was 1 h, i.e. an automatic filter change has been performed every hour. Each filter spot has been used one time.
- 4. The sampling time within the cycle time is 42 min.
- 5. The measuring system has to be operated in a lockable measuring cabinet.
- 6. The measuring system is to be calibrated on site in regular intervals by application of the gravimetric PM<sub>2.5</sub> reference method according to EN 14907.
- 7. The identical measuring system is also distributed by the company Horiba Europe GmbH, 61440 Oberursel, Germany under the name APDA-371 with PM<sub>2.5</sub> pre-separator.

#### **Test report:**

TÜV Rheinland Immissionsschutz und Energiesysteme GmbH, Köln Report-No.: 936/21209919/A of 26 March 2010





2 Notification on announcements of the Federal Environment Agency of 12 July 2010 (BAnz. p. 2597, chapter II, No. 1.1, 7<sup>th</sup> remark)

For the measurement system APDA-371 with  $PM_{2.5}$ -pre-separator of the company Horiba Europe GmbH for the measured component  $PM_{2.5}$ , the requirements on the tightness of the sampling system are fulfilled after the re-evaluation.

The measurement system also fulfils the requirements according to guideline "Demonstration of Equivalence of Ambient Air Monitoring Method Version January 2010.

The measurement systems can as an option be operated with the pump BX-125.

The measurement system gets a new designed rear plate in order to house the advanced interfaces e.g. of the optional report processor BX-965.

The current firmware version is:

C

3236-07 5.0.15

Statement of TÜV Rheinland Energie und Umwelt GmbH 22 March 2012

#### **Certified product**

This certificate applies to automated measurement systems confirming to the following description:

The ambient air measuring system APDA-371 is based on the measuring principle of beta-attenuation. The principle of the radiometric determination of mass is based on the physical law of attenuation of beta-rays when passing a thin layer of material. There is the following relationship:

$$\left(\frac{\mu g}{m^3}\right) = \frac{10^6 \,A(cm^2)}{Q\left(\frac{l}{min}\right)\Delta t(min)\,\mu\left(\frac{cm^2}{g}\right)} \ln\left(\frac{l_0}{i}\right)$$

with:

С	particle-mass concentration	A	sampling area for particles (filter spot)
Q	sampling flow rate	Δt	sampling time
μ	mass absorption coefficient	I <sub>0</sub>	beta count rate at the beginning (clean)

I beta count at the end (collect)

The radiometric determination of mass is calibrated in the factory and is checked within the scope of internal quality assurance hourly at the zero point (clean filter spot) and at the reference point (built-in reference foil) during operation. With the help of the generated data, measured values at zero and reference point can be easily affiliated. They can be compared with any stability requirements (drift effects) respectively with the nominal value for the reference foil (factory setting).





One measurement cycle (incl. automatic check of the radiometric measurement) consists of the following steps (setting: measuring time for radiometry 8 min):

- 1. The initial count of the clean filter tape I<sub>0</sub> is performed at the beginning of the cycle for a period of eight minutes.
- 2. The filter tape is advanced four windows and the sampling (vacuum pumping) begins on the spot in which  $I_0$  was just measured. Air is drawn through this spot on the filter tape for approximately 42 minutes.
- 3. At the same time the second count  $I_1$  occurs (at a point on the tape 4 windows back) for a period of eight minutes. The purpose of the measurement is to perform the verification for instrument drift caused by varying external parameters such as temperature and relative humidity. A third count  $I_2$  occurs with the reference membrane extended over the same place on the tape. Eight minutes before the end of sampling time, another count  $I_{1x}$  occurs on the same point of the tape. With the help of  $I_1$  and  $I_{1x}$ , the stability at the zero point can be monitored.
- 4. After sampling, the filter tape is moved back four windows to measure the beta ray absorption through the section that has collected dust (I<sub>3</sub>). Finally the concentration calculation is performed to complete the cycle.
- 5. The next cycle begins with step 1.

The measuring system APDA-371 with  $PM_{10}$  pre-separator is already suitability-tested and published. The measuring system, which is certified with this certificate, is equipped with a  $PM_{2.5}$  pre-separator.

#### **General notes**

This certificate is based upon the equipment tested. The manufacturer is responsible for ensuring that on-going production complies with the requirements of the EN 15267. The manufacturer is required to maintain an approved quality management system controlling the manufacture of the certified product. Both the product and the quality management systems shall be subject to regular surveillance.

If a product of the current production does not conform to the certified product, TÜV Rheinland Energie und Umwelt GmbH must be notified at the address given on page 1.

A certification mark with an ID-Number that is specific to the certified product is presented on page 1 of this certificate. This can be applied to the product or used in publicity material for the certified product.

This document as well as the certification mark remains property of TÜV Rheinland Energie und Umwelt GmbH. With revocation of the publication the certificate looses its validity. After the expiration of the validity of the certificate and on requests of the TÜV Rheinland Energie und Umwelt GmbH this document shall be returned and the certificate mark must not be employed anymore.

The relevant version of this certificate and the validity is also accessible on the internet Address: **qal1.de**.





Certification of APDA-371 with PM<sub>2.5</sub> pre-separator is based on the documents listed below and the regular, continuous monitoring of the Quality Management System of the manufacturer:

#### Initial certification according to EN 15267

Certificate No 0000027277: 02 August 2010

Validity of the certificate: 01 August 2015

Test report: 936/21209919/A of 26 March 2010 TÜV Rheinland Immissionsschutz und Energiesysteme GmbH, Köln

Publication: BAnz. 28 July 2010, No. 111, p. 2597, chapter II, No. 1.1, 7<sup>th</sup> remark Publication by UBA from 12 July 2011

#### Update of certification according to EN 15267

Certificate No 0000027277\_01: 20 August 2012

Validity of the certificate: 01 August 2015

1<sup>st</sup> notification on changes to the certificate according to EN 15267:

Statement of TÜV Rheinland Energie und Umwelt GmbH, Köln from 22 March 2012

Publication: BAnz AT 20 July 2012 B11, chapter IV, notification 2 Announcement by UBA from 06 July 2012



# Results of the equivalence testing for the demonstration of equivalence according to the EC-Guide of July 2009\*

PM <sub>2.5</sub> Smart Heated	33.1% > 17 µg m-3	Orthogonal Regression			Between Instrument Uncertainties		
BAM	W <sub>CM</sub> / %	n <sub>c-s</sub>	r <sup>2</sup>	Slope (b) +/- u <sub>b</sub>	Intercept (a) +/- u <sub>a</sub>	Reference	Candidate
All Data	12.6	248	0.967	1.000 +/- 0.012	0.764 +/- 0.204	0.33	1.38
< 18 µg m-3	9.8	174	0.889	0.971 +/- 0.025	1.066 +/- 0.267	0.34	1.05
> 18 µg m-3	15.9	74	0.926	1.031 +/- 0.033	-0.068 +/- 0.919	0.30	1.57
SN 17010	Dataset			Orthogonal Regre	Limit Value of 30 µg m <sup>-3</sup>		
31 17010	Dalasel	n <sub>c-s</sub>	r <sup>2</sup>	Slope (b) +/- u <sub>b</sub>	Intercept (a) +/- u <sub>a</sub>	W <sub>CM</sub> / %	% > 17 µg m⁻³
	Teddington Summer	78	0.931	0.994 +/- 0.030	1.822 +/- 0.372	17.11	19.2
Individual Datasets	Cologne Winter	75	0.957	0.980 +/- 0.024	0.960 +/- 0.512	12.79	56.0
Individual Datasets	Bornheim Summer	53	0.941	1.052 +/- 0.036	-0.962 +/- 0.527	11.61	20.8
1.1	Teddington Winter	45	0.991	0.970 +/- 0.014	-0.182 +/- 0.300	10.28	35.6
	< 18 µg m <sup>-3</sup>	175	0.849	0.955 +/- 0.028	1.137 +/- 0.306	11.46	4.6
Combined Datasets	> 18 µg m <sup>-3</sup>	76	0.907	0.984 +/- 0.035	0.584 +/- 0.975	16.02	100.0
	All Data	251	0.957	0.969 +/- 0.013	0.989 +/- 0.226	12.90	33.5
CN 47044	Detect	Orthogonal Regression			Limit Value of 30 µg m <sup>-3</sup>		
SN 17011	Dataset	n <sub>c-s</sub>	r <sup>2</sup>	Slope (b) +/- u <sub>b</sub>	Intercept (a) +/- u <sub>a</sub>	W <sub>CM</sub> / %	% > 17 µg m⁻³
	Teddington Summer	78	0.955	1.016 +/- 0.025	1.018 +/- 0.308	14.66	19.2
Individual Datasets	Cologne Winter	75	0.977	1.061 +/- 0.019	0.430 +/- 0.405	17.91	56.0
Individual Datasets	Bornheim Summer	57	0.901	1.134 +/- 0.048	-1.498 +/- 0.727	23.91	21.1
	Teddington Winter	43	0.992	0.991 +/- 0.014	0.630 +/- 0.293	7.41	32.6
	< 18 µg m⁻³	178	0.881	1.021 +/- 0.026	0.634 +/- 0.286	13.44	4.5
Combined Datasets	> 18 µg m <sup>-3</sup>	75	0.929	1.092 +/- 0.034	-1.108 +/- 0.952	19.03	100.0
	All Data	253	0.966	1.041 +/- 0.012	0.377 +/- 0.214	16.28	32.8

\* The investigations for the measuring system APDA-371 with PM<sub>2,5</sub>-pre-separator have been performed on basis of the version of July 2009 of the EC-Guide. In the meanwhile there have been again some modifications on the Guide and a new version has been published in January 2010. The made modifications are purely of cosmetic kind and do not lead to any changes in the equivalence test itself. Hence an equivalence test according to the Guide in version of January 2010 leads to exactly identical results as an equivalence test according to the Guide in version of July 2009.