Umwelt 📦 Bundesamt



CERTIFICATE

of Product Conformity (QAL1)

Certificate No.: 0000074620

AMS designation:	MP101M for suspended particulate matter PM ₁₀			
Manufacturer:	ENVEA 111, Boulevard Robespierre 78304 Poissy Cedex France			
Test Laboratory:	TÜV Rheinland Energy GmbH			

This is to certify that the AMS has been tested according to the standards VDI 4202-3 (2018), EN 12341 (2014), EN 16450 (2017), EN 15267-1 (2009) and EN 15267-2 (2009).

Certification is awarded in respect of the conditions stated in this certificate (this certificate contains 9 pages).



Publication in the German Federal Gazette (BAnz) of 07 May 2020

German Federal Environment Agency Dessau, 17 June 2020

Mall

Dr. Marcel Langner Head of Section II 4.1

www.umwelt-tuv.eu tre@umwelt-tuv.eu Phone: + 49 221 806-5200 Suitability Tested Equivalent to 2008/50/EC EN 15267 Regular Surveillance

www.tuv.com ID 0000074620

This certificate will expire on: 06 May 2025

TÜV Rheinland Energy GmbH Cologne, 16 June 2020

D. P.t. b. 2

ppa. Dr. Peter Wilbring

TÜV Rheinland Energy GmbH Am Grauen Stein 51105 Köln

Test institute accredited to EN ISO/IEC 17025 by DAkkS (German Accreditation Body). This accreditation is limited to the accreditation scope defined in the enclosure to certificate D-PL-11120-02-00.

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Certificate: 0000074620 / 17 June 2020



Test Report: Initial certification: Expiry date: Publication: 936/21240384/A dated 15 August 2019 07 May 2020 06 May 2025 BAnz AT 07.05.2020 B8, chapter II number 2.1

Approved application

The certified AMS is suitable for continuous ambient air monitoring of suspended particulate matter, PM₁₀, (stationary operation).

The suitability of the AMS for this application was assessed on the basis of a laboratory test and a field test performed at four different sites and/or different periods over several months.

The AMS is approved for an ambient temperature range of +5 °C to +40 °C.

The notification of suitability of the AMS, performance testing and the uncertainty calculation have been effected on the basis of the regulations applicable at the time of testing. As changes in legal provisions are possible, any potential user should ensure, in consultation with the manufacturer, that this AMS is suitable for monitoring the AMS readings relevant to the application.

Any potential user should ensure, in consultation with the manufacturer, that this AMS is suitable for the intended purpose.

Basis of the certification

This certification is based on:

- Test report no. 936/21240384/A dated 15 August 2019 issued by TÜV Rheinland Energy GmbH
- Suitability announced by the German Federal Environment Agency (UBA) as the relevant body
- The ongoing surveillance of the product and the manufacturing process

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Certificate: 0000074620 / 17 June 2020



Publication in the German Federal Gazette: BAnz AT 07.05.2020 B8, chapter II number 2.1, UBA announcement dated 31 March 2020:

AMS designation:

MP101M for suspended particulate matter PM₁₀

Manufacturer:

ENVEA, Poissy, France

Field of application:

For continuous ambient air monitoring of suspended particulate matter, PM_{10} (stationary operation)

Measuring ranges during performance testing:

Component	Certification range	Unit	
PM ₁₀	0–10 000	µg/m³	

Software version:

MP101M 4.0.h

Restrictions:

None

Notes:

- 1. The maintenance interval is one month.
- 2. The test report on performance testing is available on the internet at www.qal1.de.

Test Report:

TÜV Rheinland Energy GmbH, Cologne Report no. 936/21240384/A dated 15 August 2019 Certificate: 0000074620 / 17 June 2020



Certified product

This certification applies to automated measurement systems conforming to the following description:

The MP101M measuring system is designed to measure suspended particulate matter in ambient air. The determination of the mass concentration relies on the principle of beta ray attenuation. The sample is first sucked through a PM₁₀ pre-separator and then through a glass fibre filter tape in the instrument. Suspended particulate matter is deposited on the filter tape. Every hour, a beta source (¹⁴C element) is swivelled in to determine the mass deposited on the filter tape. A Geiger Müller counter measuring beta radiation is situated below the filter tape. The ¹⁴C radioelement emits beta rays as it decays. Particles deposited on the filter tape partially absorb the beta radiation. The filter spot is measured before and after loading. The difference in radiation intensity measured by the Geiger Müller counter serves as measure for the deposited amount of particulate matter.

The particulate sample passes the sampling head (USEPA) at a flow rate of 16.67 l/min and enters the sampling tube, which connects the sampling head to the actual measuring instrument. The sampling head separates all particles larger than PM_{10} . The sampling tube can be heated in order to avoid possible condensation effects, especially in situations with high outdoor air humidity. After entering the measuring instrument, the air stream contained in the sample is separated on the filter tape. After leaving the measuring system, the air flow reaches the pump and then exits into the environment via a particle filter.

Every hour (1 period), the sample volumetric flow is stopped and a beta radiation source is swivelled over the filter band. The Geiger Müller counter situated below the filter tape measures the intensity of radiation. Every filter tape is measured before and after filter loading. The absorbed radiation is proportional to the separated particle mass and thus the absorption difference is the measured quantity. One measurement takes 200 seconds. The measured values of 24 periods are the averaged 24 hour value (1 cycle). After 24 hours, the filter tape is transported forward and a new blank spot is sampled.

The volumetric flow is kept constant at 1 m³/h in the separator head. Since the velocity in the sampling head determines the separation characteristics, the volume flow is controlled by the weather sensors so that the volume flow in the sampling head is constant.

The sampling tube can be heated to avoid condensation effects. Since excessive temperatures in the sampling tube can lead to reduced results due to volatilization, the sampling tube is only heated as much as absolutely necessary. A sensor measuring relative moisture is situated near the Geiger Müller counter. If this sensor detects relative moisture above 50%, the heater will be activated.

The measuring system generally provides results simultaneously via the display and the data records. Measured values are updated hourly after each measurement (periodically, "Per.") and every 24 hours (cyclically, "Cyc.").

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The tested AMS consists of

- the PM₁₀ USEPA sampling head,
- the sampling tube with heater, protective tube made of stainless steel and isolation (2 m long),
- the weather sensor (mounted at the sampling tube below the sample inlet) comprising a temperature sensor and a sensor which determines the relative moisture.
- the analyser,
- the pump unit,
- the required connecting tubes and cables,
- the operation manuals in German.

The measuring system may be operated either directly via the touch screen at the front of the instrument or remotely via an internet connection or a wireless modem.

General remarks

This certificate is based upon the equipment tested. The manufacturer is responsible for ensuring that on-going production complies with the requirements of the EN 15267. The manufacturer is required to maintain an approved quality management system controlling the manufacturing process for the certified product. Both the product and the quality management systems shall be subject to regular surveillance.

If a product of the current production does not conform to the certified product, TÜV Rheinland Energy GmbH must be notified at the address given on page 1.

A certification mark with an ID-Number that is specific to the certified product is presented on page 1 of this certificate.

This document as well as the certification mark remains property of TÜV Rheinland Energy GmbH. Upon revocation of the publication the certificate loses its validity. After the expiration of the certificate and on request of TÜV Rheinland Energy GmbH this document shall be returned and the certificate mark must no longer be used.

The relevant version of this certificate and its expiration date are also accessible on the internet at **<u>gal1.de</u>**.

Document history

Certification of the MP101M measuring system is based on the documents listed below and the regular, continuous surveillance of the manufacturer's quality management system:

Initial certification according to EN 15267

Certificate no.: 0000074620: 17 June 2020 Expiry date of the certificate: 06 May 2025 Test report: 936/21240384/A dated 15 August 2019 TÜV Rheinland Energy GmbH, Cologne Publication: BAnz AT 07.05.2020 B8, chapter II number 2.1 UBA announcement dated 31 March 2020

Certificate: 0000074620 / 17 June 2020



Equivalence calculation PM_{10} , cyc., after correction of the axis intercept

	Comparison	candidate with referer	ice according to		
		Standard EN 16450:2	017		
Candidate	MP101M, PM10 (Cyc)		SN	SN 6158 & SN 6159	
			Limit value	50	µg/m³
Status of measured values	Raw data		Allowed uncertainty	25	%
		All comparisons			
Uncertainty between Reference	0.62	µg/m³			
Uncertainty between Candidates	0.94	µg/m³			
	SN 6158 & SN 6159				
Number of data pairs	208				
Slope b	1.027	not significant			
Uncertainty of b	0.019				
Ordinate intercept a	0.000	not significant			
Uncertainty of a	0.468				11 C
Expanded measured uncertainty WCM	12.56	%			
	4	All comparisons, ≥30 µ	ıg/m³		
Uncertainty between Reference	0.81	µg/m³			
Uncertainty between Candidates	1.13	µg/m³			
	SN 6158 & SN 6159				
Number of data pairs	44				
Slope b	1.043				
Uncertainty of b	0.080				
Ordinate intercept a	-1.534				
Uncertainty of a	3.018				
Expanded measured uncertainty WCM	15.18	%			

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	Compariso	Standard FN 16450:	nce according to 2017		
Candidate	M P101M, PM 10 (Cyc	:)	SN	SN 6158 & SN 6159	
Status of measured values	Raw data		Limit value	50 25	µg/m²
	Naw Gata		Allowed uncertainty	23	70
		Cologne, Winter			
Uncertainty between Reference	0.40	µg/m³			
Uncertainty between Candidates	0.86	µg/m³	1	CN 6450	
Number of data nairs	57			57	
Slope b	0.967			0.936	
Uncertainty of b	0.026			0.024	
Ordinate intercept a	-0.507			-0.003	
Uncertainty of a	0.572			0.533	
Expanded measured uncertainty W _{CM}	12.47	%		15.39	%
		Bonn, Belderberg]		
Uncertainty between Reference	0.94	µg/m ³			
Uncertainty between Candidates	SN 6158	µy/m		SN 6159	
Number of data pairs	40			40	
Slope b	1.026			1.028	
Uncertainty of b	0.027			0.032	
Ordinate intercept a	1.385			1.501	
Uncertainty of a	0.703			0.808	A/
Expanded measured uncertainty Wom	12.13	No Partie and the addition of the		13.38	70
Line de la	0.00	Bulk good handling, St	ummer		
Uncertainty between Reference	0.60	µg/m ²			
Uncertainty between Candidates	SN 6158	µy/m		SN 6159	
Number of data pairs	66			66	
Slope b	1.116			1.109	
Uncertainty of b	0.045			0.036	
Ordinate intercept a	-0.888			-0.083	
Uncertainty of a	1.111			0.888	e/
Expanded measured uncertainty wom	23.09	70 Bulk good bandling M	Vintor	23.37	70
Line deinte between Defenseer	0.50	Buik good nandling, v	vinter		
Uncertainty between Reference	0.50	µg/m²			
Checkany between Canadates	SN 6158	pym		SN 6159	
Number of data pairs	45			45	
Slope b	0.931			0.919	
Uncertainty of b	0.033			0.033	
Ordinate intercept a	1.033		A CONTRACTOR OF A	1.004	
Expanded measured upcortainty W	0.852			0.834	
	13.92	All comparisons >30	ug/m ³	15.01	70
Lincertainty between Reference	0.81	un/m ³	pynn		
Uncertainty between Candidates	1.13	ug/m ³			
	SN 6158			SN 6159	
Number of data pairs	44			44	
Slope b	1.046			1.056	
Uncertainty of b	0.080			0.083	
Uncertainty of a	-1.585		1 A 1	-2.00/	
Expanded measured uncertainty Way	15.019	96		16.06	94
	13,23	All comparisons		10.00	74
Lincertainty between Deference	0.62				
Uncertainty between Candidates	0.02	µg/m ³			
	SN 6158	P.9		SN 6159	
Number of data pairs	208			208	
Slope b	1.032	not significant		1.027	not significant
Uncertainty of b	0.020	not similiant		0.020	not circlifica-t
Uncertainty of a	-0.182	not significant		0.092	not significant
Expanded measured uncertainty W	42.00	9/.		12.05	N.

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Equivalence calculation PM_{10} , per, after correction of the axis intercept

	Comparison	candidate with referer	nce according to		
		Standard EN 16450:2	017		
Candidate	MP101M, PM 10 (Per)		SN Limit value	SN 6158 & SN 6159 50	ua/m³
Status of measured values	Raw data		Allowed uncertainty	25	%
		All comparisons			
Uncertainty between Reference	0.62	µg/m³			
Uncertainty between Candidates	0.95	µg/m³			
	SN 6158 & SN 6159				
Number of data pairs	208				
Slope b	1.029	not significant			
Uncertainty of b	0.019				
Ordinate intercept a	0.000	not significant			
Uncertainty of a	0.474				
Expanded measured uncertainty WCM	12.82	%			
	4	All comparisons, ≥30 µ	ıg/m³		
Uncertainty between Reference	0.81	µg/m³			
Uncertainty between Candidates	1.14	µg/m³			
	SN 6158 & SN 6159				
Number of data pairs	44				
Slope b	1.047				
Uncertainty of b	0.081				
Ordinate intercept a	-1.649				
Uncertainty of a	3.077				
Expanded measured uncertainty WCM	15.56	%			

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Comparison candidate with reference according to					
Candidate	MP101M_PM10 (Per)	Standard EN 16450:2	SN	SN 6158 & SN 6159	
Canadato			Limit value	50	µg/m³
Status of measured values	Raw data		Allowed uncertainty	25	%
		Cologne, Winter			
Uncertainty between Reference	0.40	µg/m³			
Uncertainty between Candidates	0.89	µg/m³			
	SN 6158			SN 6159	
Number of data pairs	57			57	
Slope b	0.968			0.936	
Uncertainty of b	0.026			0.024	
Ordinate intercept a	-0.495			0.013	
Uncertainty of a	0.5/7			0.538	N
Expanded measured uncertainty Wom	12.47	70 Bonn Boldorborg		15.42	70
Lincortainty, between Reference	0.94	Bonn, Beiderberg			
Uncertainty between Candidates	0.94	µg/m ³			
Statistics Sector Statistics	SN 6158	pym		SN 6159	
Number of data pairs	40			40	
Slope b	1.033			1.039	
Uncertainty of b	0.029			0.034	
Ordinate intercept a	1.271			1.302	
Uncertainty of a	0.753			0.876	
Expanded measured uncertainty W_{CM}	13.26	%		14.87	%
	E	ulk good handling, So	mmer		
Uncertainty between Reference	0.60	µg/m³			
Uncertainty between Candidates	1.20	µg/m³			
	SN 6158			SN 6159	
Number of data pairs	66			66	
Slope b	1.116			1.109	
Ordinate intercent o	0.045			0.036	
Uncertainty of a	-0.039			-0.052	
Expanded measured uncertainty W _{CM}	23.21	%		23.71	%
		Bulk good handling, W	linter		
Uncertainty between Reference	0.50	µg/m³			
Uncertainty between Candidates	0.67	µg/m³			
	SN 6158			SN 6159	
Number of data pairs	45			45	
Slope b	0.930			0.918	
Uncertainty of b	0.034			0.033	
Ordinate intercept a	1.090			1.046	
Uncertainty of a	0.858			0.841	
Expanded measured uncertainty W _{GM}	13.96	%		15.66	%
		All comparisons, ≥30 µ	ig/m³		
Uncertainty between Reference	0.81	µg/m²			
Uncertainty between Candidates	1.14	µg/m²		CN 64E0	
Number of data pairs	SCLO NC			SN 0159	
Slope b	1 048			1,062	
Uncertainty of b	0.081		A 171	0.085	
Ordinate intercept a	-1.653			-2.244	
Uncertainty of a	3.064	1.1.2.2.2.1.1.1.1		3.24	1000
Expanded measured uncertainty W_{CM}	15.54	%		16.53	%
		All comparisons			
Uncertainty between Reference	0.62	µg/m³			Contraction of the local distance of the loc
Uncertainty between Candidates	0.95	µg/m³			
	SN 6158			SN 6159	
Number of data pairs	208			208	
Slope b	1.034	not significant		1.028	not significant
Uncertainty of b	0.020	not also than 1		0.020	not all states it
Uncertainty of a	-0.1/5	not significant		0.082	not significant
Expanded measured uncertainty W.	13 14	96		12.32	96
	1.). 14	70		1.).(.)	70